

# KRONOS® 2.1 APPLICATIONS PROGRAMMER'S INSTANT

CONTROL DATA®
CYBER 70 SERIES
MODELS 72, 73, 74
6000 SERIES
COMPUTER SYSTEMS

REVISION	NOTES
A	Manual released.
(12-73)	
В	Revised to reflect the KRONOS 2, 1, 2 operating system
(8-75)	at corrective code level 404, All systems-oriented in-
	formation has been removed and is now available in the
	KRONOS 2.1 Systems Frogrammer's Instant (publication
	no. 60449100). New features, as well as changes, de- letions, and additions to information in this manual, are
	indicated by bars in the margins or by a dot near the
	page number if the entire page is affected. This edition
	obsoletes all previous editions.
,	
- · · · · ·	Address comments concerning

Publication No. 60407200 © 1975 by Control Data Corporation

Printed in the United States of America

Address comments concerning this manual to:

Control Data Corporation
Publications and Graphics Division
4201 Lexington Avenue North
Arden Hills, Minnesota 55112

### **PREFACE**

The KRONOS 2.1.2 Time-Sharing System provides network capabilities for time-sharing and transaction processing, in addition to local and remote batch processing on CONTROL DATA® CYBER 70 Series, Model 72, 73, and 74 Computer Systems, and CDC® 6000 Series Computer Systems.

This manual provides condensed descriptions of system control statements, control language formats, and loader, product set, and system utility control statement formats. Character set tables are also provided.

For descriptions of console commands, systemsoriented control statements, central memory tables, function requests, and external function codes, refer to the KRONOS 2.1 Systems Programmer's Instant.

The following manuals provide detailed descriptions of these subjects.

Control Data Publication	Publication No
KRONOS 2.1 Systems Programmer's	
Instant	60449100
KRONOS 2. 1 Reference Manual,	
Volume 1	60407000
KRONOS Terminal User's Instant	60407800
Loader Reference Manual	60344200
Loader Instant	60372200
Modify Reference Manual	60281700
Modify Instant	60283000
Update Reference Manual	60342500
Update Instant	60360200
ALGOL Reference Manual	60329000
ALGOL Instant	60192500
BASIC Reference Manual	19980300
COBOL Reference Manual	60384100
COBOL Instant	60328400
FORTRAN Extended Reference	60305600
Manual	
FORTRAN Extended Instant	60357900
SIMULA Reference Manual	60234800
Sort/Merge Reference Manual	60343900

### CONTENTS

	COMILIAIS	
1.	SYSTEM CONTROL STATEMENT	
	FORMATS	1-1
	Permanent File Options	1-1
	Tape Management Options	1-4
	System Control Statements	1-7
	APPEND	1-7
	ASCII	1-7
	ASSIGN	
	ATTACH	1-8
	BLANK	1-8
	CATALOG	1-8
	CATLIST	1-8
	CHANGE	1-9
	CHARGE	1-9
	CKP	1-9
	CLEAR	1-10
	COMMENT	1-10
	COMMON	1-10
	CONVERT	1-10
	COPY	1-10
	COPYBF	1-11
	COPYBR	1-11
	COPYCF	1-11
	COPYCR	1-11
	COPYEI	1-11
	COPYSBF	1-11
	COPYX	1-11
	CSET	1-11
	CTIME	1-12
	DAYFILE	1-12
	DEFINE	1-12 1-12
	DISPOSE	1-12
	DMD	
	DMP	1-13
	DOCMENT	1-13 1-13
	ENQUIRE	1-13
	EVICT	1-15
	EXIT	1-15
	FAMILY	1-15
	GET	1-15
	GTR	1-15
	jobname	1-16
	KRONREF	1-16
	LABEL	1-16
	LBC	1-17
	LDI	1-17
	LENGTH	1-17
	LIBGEN	1-17
	LIMITS	1-17
	LINK	1-17
	LISTLB	1-18
	LIST80	1-18
	LOC	1-18

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
T 0.077		1-19
LOCK		
LO72		1-19
MODE		1-20
NEW		1-20
		1-20
NOEXIT		1-20
NORERUN		
OFFSW		1-20
OLD		1-20
ONEXIT		1-20
		1-20
ONSW		1-20
out		
PACK		1-20
PACKNAM		1-20
PARITY		1-20
		1-20
PASSWOR		1-20
PBC		
PERMIT		1-21
PRIMARY		1-21
PURGALL		1-21
		1-21
PURGE		1-21
$\mathtt{RBR}$		
${f RENAME}$		1-21
REPLACE		1-22
REQUEST		1-22
		1-22
RERUN		1-22
RESEQ		1-23
RESOURC		
RESTART		1-23
RETURN		1-23
REWIND		1-23
RFL		1-23
		1-23
ROLLOUT		1-23
RTIME		
SAVE		1-24
SETCORE		1-24
SETID		1-24
		1-24
SETPR		1-24
SETTL		
SKIPEI		1-24
SKIPF		1-24
SKIPFB		1-24
		1-24
SKIPR		1-24
SORT		1-24
STAGE		
STIME		1-25
SUBMIT		1-25
		1-26
SUI		1-26
SUMMARY		1-26
SWITCH		1-26
TDUMP		
UNLOAD		1-27
UNLOCK		1-27
		1-27
UPMOD		1-27
USECPU	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	

2.	USER VERIFY VFYLIB VSN WBR WRITE WRITER CONTROL LANGUAGE FORMATS CALL DISPLAY FILE GOTO IF NUM	1-27 1-28 1-28 1-28 1-28 1-28 1-28 2-1 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-3 2-3
	SET	2-4
	Symbolic Names Used in Expressions	2-4
3.	CYBER LOADER CONTROL	2-4
	STATEMENT FORMATS	3-1
	EXECUTE	3-2
	LDSET	3-2
	LIBLOAD	3-4
	LOAD	3-4
	NOGO	3-4
	SATISFY	3-4
	SLOAD	3-4
4.	SYSTEM UTILITY CONTROL	
	STATEMENT FORMATS	4-1
	LIBEDIT	4-2
	MODIFY OPLEDIT	4-5
		4-6
	PROFILE UPDATE	4-7
5.	PRODUCT SET CONTROL	4-9
٥.	STATEMENT FORMATS	
	ALGOL	5-1
	BASIC	5-2
	COBOL	5-3
	FTN	5-3
	SIMULA	5-5 5-7
	SORTMRG	
6.	SPECIAL SYSTEM INFORMATION	5-7 6-1
	Exchange Package Area	6-2
	64-Character Set for Time-Sharing	0-2
	Terminals	6-4
	61-Character Set for Time-Sharing	
	Terminals	6-7
	Standard Character Set	6-10
	ASCII Display Code and EBCDIC/	
	Display Code Conversion	6-12

60407200 B

37

vii 🕳

# SYSTEM CONTROL STATEMENT FORMATS

# PERMANENT FILE OPTIONS

The following control statement parameters are options on various permanent file commands.

Parameter	Des	scription
UN=usernum	Specifies alternate user number for file residing in another user's catalog.	
PW=passwrd	Specifies a 1- to 7-character password that must be specified whenever alternate users access the file.	
CT=ct	Specifies category of permission for alternate users.	
	<u>ct</u>	Description
	or PRIVATE	Private files available for access only by originator or those with explicit permis- sion
	S or SPRIV	Semiprivate files available for access by users who know file name, user number, and password
	PU or PUBLIC or LI	Public files available for access by all users who know file name, user number, and password
M=m	Specifies fi	lle or user permission
	<u>m</u>	Description
	W or WRITE	Allows the user to write, read, append, execute, modify, or purge the file
	M or MODIFY	Allows the user to modify, append, read, or execute a direct access file
	A or APPEND	Allows the user to append information to the end of the file

Ρ	ar	am	eter	

#### Description

Description

m

<u>m</u>	Description
R	Allows the user to read
or	or execute the file
READ	
RM	Allows the user to
or	read or execute a
READMD	direct access file
	while another user is
	accessing the file in
	modify mode
RA	Allows the user to
or	read or execute a di-
READAP	rect access file while
	another user is access- ing the file in append
	mode
$\mathbf{E}$	Allows the user to
or	execute the file
EXECUTE	checute the life
N	Removes permission
or	previously granted
NULL	with the PERMIT
	control statement
Specifies th	ne type of device on
which the p	ermanent file resides
or is to res	side.
<u>r</u>	Description
DA	6603 Disk System
DB	6603 Disk System 6638 Disk System
DC	863 Drum Storage
DDi	854 Disk Storage Drive
DE	$(1 \le i \le 8)$ Extended core storage
DF	814 Disk File
DH	821 Data File
DIi	844 Disk Storage Sub-
	system $(1 \le i \le 8)$
DP	Distributive data path
MDi	to ECS
TAITAI	841 Multiple Disk Drive $(1 \le i \le 8)$
Specifies +h	amount of space in
PRUs desire	ed for a direct access
file	- 101 a direct access

S=space

R = r

file.

PN=packname

A 1- to 7-character pack name used in conjunction with the R keyword to identify the device to be accessed in a permanent file request.

60407200 B

# TAPE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

The following control statement parameters and keywords may appear on various tape management control statements.

Parameter	Description		
D=den	Specifies tape density.		
	den	Description	
	LO or 200	200 bits per inch (bpi) (7-track)	
	HI or 556	556 bpi (7-track)	
	HY or 800	800 bpi (7-track)	
	HD or 800	800 characters per inch (cpi) (9-track)	
	PE or 1600	1600 cpi (9-track)	
	The keywo: and PE ma of D=den.	rds LO, HI, HY, HD, y be specified instead	
FC=fcount	Specifies maximum block siz frames that may be read or written.		
C=ccount	Specifies maximum size block in 6-bit characters that may be read or written.		
CV=conv	Specifies of 9-track ta	conversion mode for pes.	
N=conv	conv	Description	
	AS	ASCII/display code conversion	
	US EB	Same as AS EBCDIC/display code conversion	
MT	Specifies '	7-track tape.	
NT	Specifies	9-track tape.	
$p_0=p_1p_2,\ldots,p_n$	Specifies	processing options.	
●1-4		60407200 B	

#### Parameter

### Description

Description

Pi-

-Fi-	Debel iption
<b>A</b>	Abort job on irrecoverable read or write
	parity error
N	Do not abort job on
	irrecoverable read
	or write parity error
R	Enforce ring out
W	Emorce ring out
	Enforce ring in
U F	Inhibit unload
	Force unload
E	Ignore all hardware
	read/write errors
В	Write system noise
	blocks when perform-
	ing write error recov-
	ery
I	Ignore block being rea
. 1	ignore block being rea
	when end of tape is
-	encountered
P	Accept block being
	read when EOT is
	encountered
S	Specifies where system
	is to stop on an exit
	condition
Specifies da	ata format.
format	Description
I I	Internal
X	External
В	Blocked
Ē	Line image
S	Stranger tape
Ľ	
L	Long block stranger
C.	tape
SI	SCOPE internal
F	Foreign
Noise size.	
	nether a tape is to be abeled or unlabeled.
<u>. L</u>	Description
KU	Unlabeled
KL	Labeled
NS	Nonstandard labels
A 1- to 6-ch number that reel of tape	naracter volume serial uniquely identifies a

VSN=vsn

F=format

NS=ns LB=l

Parameter	<u>Description</u>
СК	Specifies that Ifn is to be used as a checkpoint file with information written at previous end-of-information (EOI).
СВ	Specifies that Ifn is to be used as a checkpoint file with information written at beginning-of-information (BOI).
FI=fileid	A 1- to 17-character file identifier.
or L=fileid	
FA=fa	File accessibility. If FA=A, only the owner of the tape can access the file. For other fa, all future accesses must specify the character as the fa parameter. FA omitted implies unlimited access.
OFA=fa	One character that indicates the current file accessibility of a labeled tape which is to be blank labeled (refer to FA description for explanation of fa).
SI=setid or M=setid	1- to 6-character set identifer for a multifile set.
SN=secno or V=secno	1- to 4-digit file section number.
QN=seqno or P=seqno	1- to 4-digit file sequence number.
G=genno	1- to 4-digit generation number.
E=gvn	1- to 2-digit generation version number.
CR=cdate or C=cdate	Creation date in form yyddd.
RT=rdate	Retention date in form yyddd.
OWNER = usernum/ familyname	Identifies the owner of a labeled tape.
LSL=lsl	Label standard level. If LSL=1, the labels and data format are ANSI standard. If omitted, indicates that format requires agreement of the interchange parties.

<u>Parameter</u>	Description		
LO=ltype	Specifies t	he type of labels to list.	
	ltype	Description	
	Α	Lists all required and	
	R	optional ANSI labels Lists all required labels	
	0	Lists all optional	
	V	Lists all VOL1-9	
	H F E U	Lists all HDR1 labels Lists all EOF1-9 labels Lists all EOV1-9 labels Lists all UVL1-9 labels	
L=out	Specifies thare to be li	ne file on which the labels sted.	
U	Unload tape	e after blank labeling.	
T=retcycle	1- to 3-digit retention cycle speci- fying number of days file is to be retained.		
R	Directs the system to read an existing ANSI label.		
W	Directs the system to write stan- dard ANSI labels.		
VA=va	Volume accessibility; one character specifying restrictions on who has access to information on the reel.		

# SYSTEM CONTROL STATEMENTS

APPEND (pfn, lfn1, lfn2,..., lfn / PW=pass-wrd, UN=user-num, PN=pack-name, R=r, NA)

Copies local files lfn<sub>1</sub> through lfn<sub>1</sub> to end of indirect access permanent file pfn. †

ASCII.

Changes a time-sharing terminal to ASCII mode.

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

ASSIGN(nm, lfn, D=den, o | FC=fcount | C=ccount | CV=conv, | MT | PO=p<sub>1</sub>p<sub>2</sub>..., pn, F=format, NS=ns, LB=f.

Assigns file Ifn to the device or device type specified by nn. †

LB= $\ell$ , VSN=vsn,  $\{CK \}$ )

ATTACH(Ifn<sub>1</sub> = pfn<sub>1</sub>, Ifn<sub>2</sub> = pfn<sub>2</sub>, ..., Ifn<sub>n</sub> = pfn<sub>n</sub>, UN = use inum, PW = passwrd, M=m, PN = pack-name, R=r, NA)

Attaches permanent files  $pfn_1$  through  $pfn_n$  as local files  $lfn_1$  through  $lfn_n$  for direct access.

BKSP(lfn,n,m)

Backspaces file Ifn n logical records. m=C for coded mode, m=B for binary.

BLANK(D-den, MT ), VSN-vsn, FA-fa, VA-va, OWNER-usernum/ familyname, LSL-lsl, U) Blank labels a magnetic tape. †

CATALOG(lfn,  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n$ )

Catalogs file lfn.

$P_{i-}$	Description
N=0	Catalog until an empty
N=x	file is encountered. Catalog x files; default is 1.
N	Catalog to end of
L=fname U	information. Specifies output file. Select user library
CS	list. Suppress character
CS	set list for OPL/OPLC type records.

Description

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options or Tape Management Options in this section.

<u>p</u> i_	Description
D '	Suppress comment field and page heading follow-
R	ing first 1. Rewind Ifn before and after cataloging.
permanent :	mation about user's files and permanent access in catalogs users. †
Options	Description
LO=F	Selects listing of pertinent information about each file in the user's catalog
LO=FP	Selects listing of permission information recorded for each alternate user of a
2210	specified file
LO=0	Selects a short list that includes only the names of the files in the user's catalog (this value assumed if LO omitted)

CHANGE(nfn=ofn/ CT=ct, M=m, PW=passwrd, PN=packname,

CATLIST(LO=p, FN=pfn, UN=usernum, PN=packname, R=r, L=lfn, NA.DN=dn)

CHARGE(chargenum, projectnum)

R = r, NA

DN=dn Device number

Allows originator of a permanent file to alter any of several parameters. If nfn=ofn is specified, file name ofn in the user's catalog is changed to nfn. †

Selects a short list that indicates the user numbers of alternate users who have accessed the specified file

Permanent file name

Output file name (default is OUTPUT)

Specifies user's charge and project numbers for user profile control validation.

IO=P

FN=pfn

L=lfn

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

CKP(lfn<sub>1</sub>,lfn<sub>2</sub>,...,lfn<sub>n</sub>)

CLEAR.

COMMENT.

or \*comments

 $COMMON(lfn_1, lfn_2, ..., lfn_n)$ 

CONVERT( $p_1$ ,  $p_2$ , ...,  $p_n$ )

<u>p</u>i\_ D=16m

Directs system to take a checkpoint dump; each lfn; is included in the dump.

Allows the user to return all files from his job.

Enters comments in system and user's dayfile.

Accesses a file that was already assigned common (library file type) status or assigns a local locked file to common status.

Converts text files to 64-character set.

Description

P=lfn <sub>1</sub> N=lfn <sub>2</sub> RS=n	Input on file Ifn, (default is OLD) Output on file Ifn, (default is NEW) Maximum record size in characters; 1 ≤ n ≤ 500 (default is 300) Convert from 63- to 64-character set; if omitted, no conversion takes place Convert from old to new time-sharing character set with terminal type t;		
64			
TS=t <sub>1</sub>			
	<u>t</u> i-	type	
	TTY	ASCII code with standard print	
	COR	Correspondence code with standard print	
	COR-	Correspondence	
	APL	code with APL	
	MEM-		
	APL	with APL print	
	BLK-	ASCII code with	
	EDT	standard print block edif mode	
R		d input and output rior to processing	

\_p<sub>i\_</sub> Description

RC=m Convert m decimal

records (if omitted. m=1 assumed)

COPY(lfn, lfn, Copies lfn<sub>1</sub> to lfn<sub>2</sub>. If x is present, files are rewound before copy and x.C) rewound, verified, and rewound after copy. If C is present, copy an SI, S, or L format coded tape to coded line format.

COPYBF(lfn, Copies n binary files beginning at Copies n binary current position of lfn, to lfn, copy an SI. S, or lfn,,n,C) L format coded tape to coded line format.

COPYBR(lfn, Copies n binary records beginning lfn,,n,C) at current position of lfn, to lfn, If C is present, copy an SI, S, or L format coded tape to coded line format.

COPYCF(lfn, Copies n coded files beginning at lfn2, n, fchar; current position of lfn, to lfn, Portion of each line image to copy is specified by fchar (first character position) and lchar (last charac-

ter position). COPYCR(lfn, Copies n coded records beginning lfn<sub>2</sub>, n, fchar<sup>1</sup>, lchar) at current position of lfn, to lfn, Portion of each line image to copy is specified by fchar and lchar.

Copies Ifn<sub>1</sub> (current position to EOI) to Ifn<sub>2</sub>. If x is present, files are rewound before copy and rewound, verified, and rewound after copy. If C is present,

copy an SI, S, or L format coded tape to coded line format. Copies n coded files beginning at

current position of lfn, to lfn, shifting each line image one character to the right and adding a leading space.

Copies logical records from lfn. to Ifn, beginning at current position of lfn, and continuing until terminator specified by x or type/ name is encountered. Files are then backspaced according to b parameter. If C is present, copy an SI, S, or L format coded tape

to coded line format.

60407200 B

COPYEI(lfn,

COPYSBF(lfn,

COPYX(lfn<sub>1</sub>,

lfn<sub>2</sub>,x,b,C)

COPYX(lfn,

lfn, type/name, b, C)

 $lfn_2, x, C)$ 

lfn,,n)

1-11•

x	Terminator type:		
	n n	ero record records default is 1)	
type/ name	name F	decord name s first 7 charac- record; type is:	
	ABS	Multiple entry point overlay	
	COS	Chippewa format CP	
	OPL	program Modify OPL deck	
	OPLC	Modify OPL common deck	
	OPLD		
	OVL	CP overlay	
	PP	6000 series PP program	
	PPU	7600 PP program	
	REL	Relocatable CP program	
	TEXT	Unrecognizable	
	ULIB	as a program User library	
		program	
b		pace control:	
	0	No backspace (default)	
	1	Backspace	
	2	Bačkspace	
	3	lfn <sub>2</sub> Backspace lfn <sub>1</sub> and lfn <sub>2</sub>	
Changes a character NORMAL)	time-s set to r	haring terminal's n (ASCII or	
Enters ac	cumulat d user'	ed CPU time in s dayfile.	
Write use default is	r's dayf	ile on lfn;	
permanen	t file or ocal file	direct access defines an as a direct	

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

CSET, m.

CTIME.

DAYFILE(lfn)

DEFINE(Ifn = pfn 1, Ifn = pfn 1, Ifn = pfn 1, Ppfn 1, Pw=passwrd, CT=ct, M=m, R=r, S=space, PN=packname, NA)

DISPOSE(lfn<sub>1</sub>=q<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>=q<sub>2</sub>,...,lfn<sub>n</sub>= q<sub>n</sub>/ot=usernum)<sup>n</sup>

Releases files to specified output queues.

# Queue type

PR Print

PH Punch coded 026 P9 Punch coded 029

PB Punch binary

Punch 80-column format

The origin types are specified with the ot parameter where BC is local batch origin and EI is remote batch origin. The number of the remote batch (EI) user is specified with usernum.

DMD(fwa, lwa) or DMD(lwa)

or DMD. Dumps central memory from first word address to last word address minus 1; output contains display code equivalences. If Iwa alone is present, fwa=0 is assumed. If neither fwa nor Iwa is present, DMD dumps exchange package and 40<sub>g</sub> locations before and after program address in exchange package.

DMP(fwa, lwa) or DMP(lwa)

or DMP. Dumps central memory from first word address to last word address minus 1. If Iwa alone is present, fwa=0 is assumed. If neither fwa nor Iwa is present, DMP dumps exchange package and 40g locations before and after program address in exchange package.

DOCMENT(p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ..., p<sub>n</sub>)

Enables the user to extract the external or internal documentation from a file containing COMPASS source code.

# p<sub>i</sub>\_ Description

I=lfn<sub>1</sub>

Name of file that contains page footing information in following format:

Column	Contents
1	Blank
2-45	Document title
46-55	Publication
	number
56-60	Revision level
61-70	Revision date

S=lfn<sub>2</sub>
L=lfn<sub>3</sub>
Name of file containing source statement images
Name of file to receive output
N=nn
T=type
Documentation type (INT for internal or EXT for external)
C=cc
Key character for docu-

mentation

P=pp Number of print lines per page

NT Negate table generator TC List table of contents

Lists information about a user's

# $\text{ENQUIRE}(p_1 p_2, \dots, p_n)$

# job specified by the options. p. Description

Pi-Causes all OP= options OP=A to be processed or Α OP=B Returns information concerning user identifiorcation and priorities В OP=F Status of files at the user's control point orF Returns contents of OP=J control registers and or error flag field .T OP=L Returns user's loader information orL OP=R Returns system resources used orR OP=S Returns SRUs orS OP=T Returns accumulated CPII time orт

OP=U Returns amount of or resources available to

U the user

JN=jnm Returns status of remote batch job jnm (last three characters of name assigned by system) initiated with SUBMIT command  $p_i$ Description

FN=lfn<sub>1</sub> Returns status of file lfn<sub>1</sub>

O=lfn<sub>2</sub> Specifies file to receive output (default is OUTPUT)

If no parameters are specified, default is OP=A.

EVICT(lfn,, lfn,,...,lfn, Releases file space for lfn, but does not release the file attachment to the job.

EXIT.

Indicates where in control statement record to resume control statement processing if an error is encountered or where to terminate normal control statement processing.

FAMILY (familyname)

GET(lfn = pfn 1, lfn = pfn 1, lfn = pfn 2, ..., lfn = pfn n/UN = usernum, PW = passwrd, PN= packname, R=r,NA

Allows user to change the family name associated with his job.

Retrieves a copy of indirect access permanent file pfn; for use as a local file lfn;• †

GTR(lfn, lfn, D.NR.S selection directives

Copies records specified by selection directives from lfn, to lfn, starting at current EOI of lfn2.

Causes a directory record to be written at the end of lfn,

NR

Specifies that files lfn. and lfn<sub>2</sub> are not rewound before or after the operation

S Processes lfn, as a sequential file

selection

directives type/name Description

Retrieves record of specified type and name

name

Retrieves record

specified

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

	selection directives	Descript	ion
	0 type/name	Inserts a zer record on fil Retrieves re	e lfn <sub>2</sub> cords
	-name <sub>2</sub>	name <sub>1</sub> throu of type speci	gn name <sub>2</sub> fied
jobname(Tt, CMfl, Pp) or	Specifies nar length, and	ne, time limit priority of job	, field
jobname(t,fl,p)			
KRONREF(P=lfn <sub>1</sub> , L=lfn <sub>2</sub> ,S=lfn <sub>3</sub> , G=lfn <sub>4</sub> )	listing of SV	cross-refere stem symbols MODIFY OPL.	nce used by
*	P=lfn <sub>1</sub>	OPL input o	is OPL)
	L=lfn <sub>2</sub>	List output of lfn, (default PUT)	is OUT-
	S=lfn <sub>3</sub>	System text overlay lfn is SYSTEXT	(default ')
	G=lfn <sub>4</sub>	System text local file lfi (default is 7	$1_{A}$
LABEL(lfn, D= den, FC=fcount, CV=conv,	Assigns lfn creates a n existing tap	to a tape unit ew or accesse e. †	and es an
MT PO=p1p2,			
NS-ns, LB-l			
VSN=vsn, {CK CB},			
(FI=fileid), FA=fa			
SI=setid   SN=setid   V=setid   V=setid   V=setid   CN=seque   C	eno /		
P=seqno   CR=cdate			
(RT=rdate ) (W T=retcycle) (R	* }~~~		

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Tape Management Options in this section.

LBC(addr)	Loads binary corrections, begin- ning at addr, into central memory.			
LDI(lfn, id)	Copies batch job image on Ifn to mass storage and submits it to the input queue with identifier id.			
LENGTH(lfn)	Returns s	Returns status of file lfn.		
LIBGEN( $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n$ )	Generates a user library file.			
$\ldots, p_n$	<u>p</u> <sub>i-</sub>	Description		
	F=lfn <sub>1</sub> P=lfn <sub>2</sub> N=lfn <sub>3</sub> NX=n	Name of source file containing records to be placed on user library file Ifn, (default is LGO) Name of file on which the library is to be written (default is ULIB) Name of user library being generated (default is Ifn,) If n is nonzero, no		
	1424-11	cross-references are given (default is n=0)		
LIMITS	Lists validation information for user named on current USER statement.			
$LINK(p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n)$	Specifies of loader.	lirectives for the LINK		
	$p_i$	Description		
	F=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Loads from file lfn1		
	P=lfn <sub>2</sub>	(default is LGO) External references on program library		
	$B=1fn_3$	lfn2 (default is SYŠLIB) Write loaded program		
	L=lfn <sub>4</sub>	on file lfn3 Write load map on file lfn4 (default is OUTPUT)		
	E=name	Load program with specified entry point name from file lfn <sub>1</sub>		

LO=chars

Set map option S for statistics, errors, and any of the following:

B Block assignments

E Entry points

X External references and entry points Execute loaded pro-

Х

gram

LISTLB(lfn, | SI=setid | | M=setid | | QN=seqno | | P=seqno | | LO=ltype, | L=out | Reads ANSI labels on file Ifn and writes them on file specified by out. †

LIST80(lfn<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>, NR)

Reads file lfn, containing COM-PASS source code and writes it, compressed to 80 columns, on lfn<sub>2</sub>. NR specifies that lfn<sub>1</sub> is not rewound.

LOC(fwa, lwa) or LOC(lwa) or LOC. Enters octal correction statement images from INPUT into central memory in specified area.

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Tape Management Options in this section.

LOCK( $lfn_1$ ,  $lfn_2$ ,...,  $lfn_n$ )
LO72( $p_1$ ,  $p_2$ , ...,  $p_n$ )

Sets write interlock bit in FNT/FST entry for local file lfn;

Reformats files to 72 columns.

Reformats	files to 72 columns.
_p <sub>i_</sub>	Description
I=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Reformat parameters
S=lfn <sub>2</sub>	are on file lfn (default is INPUT) Data to be refor- matted is on file lfn, (default is SCR)
L=lfn <sub>3</sub>	Reformatted data is listed on file lfn.
H=xxx	(default is OUTPUT) Number of characters per output line up to 150 (default is 72)
LP	Output is formatted for line printer
NR	Output file is not rewound
Nx=y	Specifies number of characters to be moved (up to 6 fields):
	x(1 to 6) Number of field being moved y Number of
	characters being moved
Ix=y	Specifies the field the data originates
	from where x is as
	in Nx and y is starting column of originating field
Ox=y	Specifies the destina- tion the data is going to where y is the starting column of destination field

MODE(m)

Sets CPU program exit mode to m (0 < m<7).

NEW, lfn/ND.

Allows the user to create a new primary file. The old primary file and all local files are returned unless the ND keyword is specified.

NOEXIT.

Suppresses transfer to card following next EXIT statement if an error occurs.

Clears rerun status of job.

NORERUN.

OFFSW(s<sub>1</sub>, s<sub>2</sub>, Clears pseudo-sense switches for reference by user's program.

OLD.lfn/ND.

Allows the user to get the indirect access permanent file specified by Ifn and make it the primary file. Any previous primary file is returned and all local files are returned unless the ND keyword is specified.

ONEXIT.

Reverses effect of NOEXIT statement.

 $\underset{\dots, s_n}{\text{ONSW}(s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n)}$ 

Sets pseudo-sense switches for reference by user's program.

PACK(lfn<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>, x)

OUT.

Releases output files from control point to the output queue.

Packs lfn<sub>1</sub> into one record on lfn<sub>2</sub>. If x is specified, lfn<sub>1</sub> is

PACKNAM (PN=packname) not rewound prior to pack. Directs subsequent permanent file requests to the specified

or
PACKNAM
(packname)
PARITY, p.

Changes a time-sharing termi-

PASSWOR(old-

changes a time-sharing terminal's parity to p (ODD or EVEN). Changes user's password from

pswd, newpswd)
PBC(fwa, lwa)

oldpswd to newpswd.

Writes one record from specified area in central memory

on PUNCHB.

auxiliary device.

PERMIT(pfn, usernum<sub>1</sub>=m<sub>1</sub>, usernum<sub>2</sub>=m<sub>2</sub>, usernum<sub>1</sub>=m<sub>1</sub>/ PN=packhame, R=r,NA) Allows user to explicitly permit another user to access a private file in his permanent file catalog with permission  $\mathbf{m_{i^*}}$  †

PRIMARY.lfn.

Allows the user to return the current primary file and make Ifn the primary file.

PURGALL(CT=ct, AD=ad, MD=md, CD=cd, DN=dn, TY=ty, TM=tm, PN=packname, R=r, NA) Purges all permanent files in the user's catalog as specified by parameters. †

Parameter	Description
ct	File category
ad	Last access date
md	Last modification
	date
cd	Creation date
dn	Device number
ty	File type(INDIR,
	DIRECT, or ALL)
tm	Time of day on the
	date specified by ad,
	md. or cd

PURGE(pfn<sub>1</sub>, pfn<sub>2</sub>,...,pfn<sub>n</sub>/ UN usernum, PW = passwrd, PN = packname, R=r,NA) Allows user to remove a file from the permanent file device. †

RBR(n.name)

Loads one binary record from a specified file. If n is less than four characters and is numeric, TAPEn is the file name. If n contains a nonnumeric character or is four or more characters long, n itself is the file name. If n is omitted, TAPE is the file name. name is a 1- to 7-character name used in a record prefix.

RENAME(nlfn<sub>1</sub> = olfn<sub>1</sub>, nlfn<sub>2</sub> = olfn<sub>2</sub>, ..., nlfn<sub>n</sub> = olfn<sub>n</sub>)

Changes name of file olfn to nlfn in FNT/FST.

60407200 B

<sup>†</sup>Some parameters of this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

REPLACE(lfn<sub>1</sub>= pfn<sub>1</sub>,lfn<sub>2</sub>=pfn<sub>2</sub>,...,lfn<sub>n</sub>=pfn<sub>n</sub>/ UN=usernum, PW=passwrd, PN=packname, R=r.NA) Substitutes new file lfn; for old file pfn; †

REQUEST(lfn,

D=den, FC=fcount C=ccount CV=conv,

PO=p<sub>1</sub>p<sub>2</sub>,...,p<sub>n</sub>, F=format, NS=ns, LB=0

VSN=vsn. {CK}

RERUN.

RESEQ(lfn,t, xxx,yy) Requests operator to assign a device to lfn. †

Sets rerun status for job.

Resequences source files that have leading sequence numbers.

lfn

Name of file to be sequenced

t.

Type of file:

t Description

B BASIC source
T Text source
other Any number
or at beginning
omitted of line is
considered
sequence
number

ххх уу New line number of first statement Line number incre-

ment

<sup>†</sup>Some of the parameters of this control statement are defined in PermanentFile Options in this section.

RESOURC(rt <sub>1</sub> =u <sub>1</sub> , rt <sub>2</sub> =u <sub>2</sub> ,, rt <sub>n</sub> =u <sub>n</sub> )	Specifies maximum number of tape units or disk packs.		
rtn <sup>-u</sup> n'	<u>rt</u> i-	Description	
	MT NT DDi	Magnetic tape (7-track) Magnetic tape (9-track) 854 Disk Storage Drive	
	DIi	(1≤i≤8) 844 Disk Storage Sub-	
	MDi	system (1≤i≤8) 841 Multiple Disk Drive (1≤i≤8)	
	resource	imum number of units of type $rt_i$ the job will use ntly is specified with $u_i$ .	
RESTART(lfn, nnnn, x <sub>i</sub> )	Restarts a previously terminated job from a specified checkpoint.		
	lfn nnnn	Checkpoint file Number of checkpoint from which to restart	
	<u>*</u> i-	Description	
	RI NA	Control statement file on Ifn is not restored RESTART does not abort if a required file	
	FC	is not available If a file is local to restart job, RESTART does not replace it with the file on the checkpoint dump	
RETURN( $lfn$ $lfn$ $2$ ,, $lfn$ $n$	Releases job attachment and/or file space of lfn;.		
REWIND (lfn <sub>1</sub> , lfn <sub>2</sub> ,, lfn <sub>n</sub> )	Rewinds t them to B	the files and positions OI.	
RFL(nnnnnn)	Changes j that speci to nnnnn	iob field length from fied on the job card •	

ROLLOUT.

RTIME.

Rolls out user's job and releases all memory assigned to the job.

Issues current time in milliseconds to dayfile. SAVE(lfn<sub>1</sub>=
pfn<sub>1</sub>,lfn<sub>2</sub>=
pfn<sub>2</sub>,...,lfn<sub>n</sub>=
pfn<sub>4</sub>/PW=
passwrd,
CT=ct, M=m,
PN=packname,
R=r, NA)

Retains copy of local file lfn<sub>i</sub> as an indirect access file pfn<sub>i</sub>, †

SETCORE(p)

or SETCORE(-p) Sets each word within the field length to the fill character specified by p. If -p, complement of p is set.

 $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{SETID}(\operatorname{lfn}_1 = x_1, \\ \operatorname{lfn}_2 = x_2, \\ \operatorname{lfn}_n = x_n \end{array})$ 

Assigns a new identification code **x**<sub>i</sub> for lfn<sub>i</sub>.

n n SETPR(p)

Specifies a new CPU priority for user's job (may be increased only if job is system origin or contains SSJ= entry point).

SETTL(t)

Specifies a new time limit for user's job.

SKIPEI(lfn)

Positions Ifn at EOI.

SKIPF(lfn, n, m)

Bypasses n files, in the forward direction, from current position on lfn. m=C for coded mode, and m=B for binary.

SKIPFB(lfn,n,m)

Bypasses n files, in the reverse direction, from current position on lfn. m=C for coded mode, and m=B for binary.

SKIPR(lfn,n,l,m)

Bypasses n records, in the forward direction, from current position on Ifn. \( \ell \) specifies EOR level.

SORT(lfn, NC=n)

Sorts a file, Ifn, of line or statement images in numerical order based on leading line numbers consisting of n digits.

STAGE(lfn,p<sub>1</sub>,p<sub>2</sub>,...,p<sub>n</sub>)

Causes files to be copied from specified device to mass storage file lfn.

\_p<sub>i</sub>\_

Description

NR.

Do not rewind Ifn before operation

<sup>†</sup>Some of the parameters for this control statement are defined in Permanent File Options in this section.

V SIN =VSr	vo of	to 6-character lume serial number tape associated th lfn
D=den	Та	pe density
F= format		ta format (I, X, SI)
MT	7-1	track tape
NT	9-1	track tape
Issues the SRU accudayfile.	ie cu imul	rrent value of the ator to the user's
Submit <b>s</b> input que	a bat ue fo	ch job on Ifn to the or processing.
q	Spe of	ecifies disposition job output:
	В	Disposed to local batch queue and printed/punched at central site
	N	Disposed to local batch queue, dropped at job termination
	Е	Disposed to re- mote batch queue, printed at remote batch terminal
NR		ibits rewind of file cified by cREAD
c	to i	cape character used dentify reformatting ectives (if omitted, assumed)

Description

Copy n files to 1fn

1- to 6-character

Do not unload 1fn after staging operation

Drop job after staging operation

Stage Ifn from device with EST ordinal xx

\_p<sub>i\_</sub>

NU

DR

N=n

T=xx

VSN=vsn

STIME.

SUBMIT(lfn,q, NR)c Reformatting directives: Reformats submit c.IOB file (selects cNOTRANS, cSEQ. and cPACK) Writes end-ofcEOR. record Writes end-of-file CEOF cSEQ Removes subsequent line numbers Reverses effect of cNOSEQ cSEQ cPACK Removes subsequent EOR and EOF marks Reverses effect of cNOcPACK directive PACK Indicates transmission CTRANS mode cNO-Reverses effect of cTRANS directive TRANS cREAD. Inserts file Ifn in place of cREAD direclfn tive in submit file Rewinds file Ifn to BOI cRE-WIND.lfn c<sub>1</sub>EC=c<sub>2</sub> Changes escape code character from c<sub>1</sub> to Allows user to access a permanent file catalog without using a USER statement. n specifies a user index number (SYOT only). Lists the current resource usage for a job. Sets the pseudo-sense switches

SUI(n)

SUMMARY.

for reference by the user's program.

SWITCH(s,  $s_2, \ldots, s_n$ 

> Lists a file in octal or alphanumeric form

TDUMP(p1, p2, ...,p<sub>n</sub>)

Description Pi-I=lfn<sub>1</sub> Input file name (default is TAPE1) L=lfn<sub>2</sub> Output file name (default is OUTPUT)

	$\underline{p}_{i-}$	Description
	0	Octal dump only (default is O and A)
	Α	Alphanumeric dump only (default is O and A)
	R=rcount	Number of records to dump
	F=fcount	Number of files to dump
	N=lines	Maximum lines that can be dumped
	NR	Do not rewind lfn <sub>1</sub> before dump
UNLOAD(lfn lfn <sub>2</sub> ,,lfn <sub>n</sub> )	Performs RETURN	s the same function as
$\frac{\text{UNLOCK}(1\text{fn}_1)}{\text{lfn}_2,\dots,1\text{fn}_n}$	Clears th	e write interlock bit file lfn <sub>i</sub> .
$UPMOD(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n)$	program	Update-formatted library to a Modify- program library
	_P <sub>i</sub> _	Description
	P=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Update program librar from file lfn <sub>1</sub> (default is OLDPL)
	N=lfn <sub>2</sub>	Modify program librar on file lfn <sub>2</sub> (default is OPL)
	M=lfn <sub>3</sub>	Modify program lib- rary name is lfn <sub>3</sub> (default is OPL)
	F	Convert to file mark
	NR	Do not rewind lfn
USEC PU(n)	used for p	which CPU is to be rocessing: CPU0 for PU1 for n=2.
USER(usernum passwrd,	Sets validation and permanent file base for a user number.	
familyname)	usernum	User number
	passwrd	User's password
	familynam	e Identifies family of permanent devices
60407200 B		1-27•

VERIFY(lfn<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>, p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ..., p<sub>n</sub>)

Performs a binary comparison of all data from the current position of the files specified.

lfn<sub>1</sub> Name of first file (if omitted, TAPE1 assumed)

Name of second file (if omitted, TAPE2

assumed)

p<sub>i</sub>- <u>Description</u>

N=0 Verify terminates on first empty file encountered on either file

N=x Verify x files (default is 1)

N Verify terminates when EOI is encountered on either

E=y List first y errors (if omitted, 100 assumed)

L=lfn<sub>3</sub> List errors on lfn<sub>3</sub> (default is OUTPUT)

A Abort if errors occur

R Rewind both files before and after

VFYLIB(lfn<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>, lfn<sub>3</sub>, NR)

Performs a comparison of binary records on files lfn<sub>1</sub> and lfn<sub>2</sub> and lists replacements, deletions, and insertions on lfn<sub>3</sub>. If NR is specified, lfn<sub>1</sub> and lfn<sub>2</sub> are not rewound.

VSN(lfn<sub>1</sub>=vsn<sub>1</sub>, lfn<sub>2</sub>=vsn<sub>2</sub>,..., lfn<sub>n</sub>=vsn<sub>n</sub>) Associates volume serial number vsn; with file lfn;.

WBR(n, rl)

Writes a binary record of length rl from central memory on the specified file, beginning at its current position. Refer to RBR for description of n.

WRITE(lfn, x)

Writes x file marks on lfn.

WRITER(lfn, x) Writes x empty records on lfn.

# CONTROL LANGUAGE FORMATS

Inserts procedure file (lfn) at specified position in the control statement stream.

..., oldnam<sub>n</sub>=
newnam<sub>n</sub>)
DISPLAY
(expression)

Evaluates expression and displays result in the dayfile.
Expression can be any legal control language expression.

FILE(lfn, expression) Determines status of file lfn. expression is any legal expression. FILE expressions, however, use symbolic names.

### Symbolic Names

Names with values:

EQ Equipment status table (EST) ordinal (0 through 778)

ID File ID (0 through 67<sub>8</sub>)
Names with true/false values:

MS File is on mass storage

LK File is locked OP File is opened

EX Execute-only file
AS File is assigned to user's
control point

## File types:

LO Local

PR Print

IN Input

PH Punch LI Librar

LI Library
PM Direct access permanent

file

PT Primary

### Device types:

$\mathbf{CP}$	415 Card Punch
CR	405 Card Reader
$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{A}$	6603 Disk System
DB	6638 Disk System
DC	863 Drum Storage
DD	853/854 Disk Storage
	Drive
DE	Extended core storage
DF	814' Disk File
DH	821 Data File
DI	844 Disk Storage
DP	Distributive data path
DS	Console display
LP	501, 505, 512, or 580
	Line Printer
LQ	512 Line Printer
LR	
MD	580 Line Printer
MS	841 Multiple Disk Drive
MT	Mass storage
IVI I	Magnetic tape drive
3777	(7 track)
NE	Null equipment
NT	Magnetic tape drive
~	(9 track)
ST	6671 Multiplexer
TT	Time-sharing multi-

### GOTO(stmt)

Transfers control to another location within the control statement file. stmt is name of any control statement or a digit (0 through 9) followed by up to six alphanumeric characters.

Time-sharing multiplexer (6671 or 6676)

IF(expression)stmt. IF(SS op ssname) stmt.

IF(SS op ssname expression)stmt. If the conditions given in expression are true, stmt is processed. The expression is considered true if it is evaluated to a nonzero value.

stmt

Any legal control language statement

expression

Any legal expression

σp

One of the operators:

. EQ.

. NE. ssname

Any legal subsystem name

NUM(name)

Determines if name has a numeric value.

SET(Ri=expression) Allows user to specify a subsystem or set software registers SET(EF=expression) to control flow of a job. Ri

orSET(SS=ssname)

indicates software-defined register 1, 2, or 3 (18 bits). EF is error flag register (6 bits). The parameter ssname is any legal subsystem name.

Symbolic Names Used in Expressions

### Names with values:

R1	Contents of control
	register 1
R2	Contents of control
	register 2
R3	Contents of control
	register 3
FL	Job field length
EM	Current exit mode
EF	Previous error
Lir	flag
ייי די	Time limit error
TLE	Arithmetic error
ARE	PPU abort
PPE	
CPE	CPU abort
MNE	Monitor call error
ODE	Operator drop
PSE	Program stop error
TKE	Track limit error
FLE	File limit error
OT	Job origin type
SYO	System origin
BCO	Local batch origin
EIO	Export/Import
110	origin
TXO	Time-sharing
IAU	origin
	OT IRIT

SS Job subsystem:

> NULL BASIC FTNTS EXECUTE BATCH ACCESS TRANACT

Names with Boolean value:

SWn

F

Setting (1=on, 0=off) of sense

switch n

 $(1 \le n \le 6)$ True value TRUE Т True value FALSE

# CYBER LOADER CONTROL STATEMENT FORMATS

EXECUTE (eptname, p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub>, ...,p<sub>n</sub>)

eptname

Causes completion of a load and execution of the loaded program.

Name of entry point in one of the loaded modules at which execution is to begin.

Execution-time parameters to be passed to the loaded program.

LDSET(option<sub>1</sub>, option<sub>2</sub>,..., option<sub>n</sub>)

p;

Provides user with control of load operations.

### option<sub>i</sub>†

LIB=libname<sub>i</sub>

MAP=p<sub>1</sub>/lfn<sub>1</sub> or MAP=/lfn<sub>1</sub> or MAP=p<sub>1</sub>

### Description

Specifies one or more libraries composing the local library set.

Controls the generation of the load map. The MAP is written to file  $lfn_1$ . The map contents is specified by p.

N No map S Statistics B Block map

E Entry point map
X Entry point cross-

references

PRESET=p2

Specifies the values to which unused core in central memory field length is set prior to execution of the loaded program.

	Octal
<u>p</u>	Preset Value
NONE	No presetting
ZERO	000
ONES	777
INDEF	1777000
INF	3777000
NGINDEF	6000
NGINF	40000addr
ALTZERO	25252525
ALTONES	52525252

<sup>†</sup>Multiple parameters for LDSET options are separated by slashes. For example, LIB=LIB1/LIB2/LIB3.

option <sub>i</sub>	<u>D</u>	escription
ERR=p3	Selects one of three methods of handling loader errors.	
	<u>p</u>	Significance
	ALL	Program aborted for fatal, nonfatal, and terminal errors
	FATAL	Program aborted for fatal and terminal errors
	NONE	Terminal errors cause job abortion
REWIND and NOREWIN	Alters the de winding of fil	efault option for re- les prior to loading
USEP=pname <sub>i</sub>	modules to b of whether or	ndicated object e loaded regardless r not they are needed ternal references.
USE=eptname <sub>i</sub>	modules to e	pading of object nsure that speci- ints are included
SUBST=pair <sub>i</sub> †	to entry point entry point n pair of entry	ernal references t names to other ames. pair; is a point names in otname1-eptname2.
	As a result of ence to eptna reference to	of SUBST, a refer- me1 becomes a eptname2.
OMIT=eptname <sub>i</sub> †	point names satisfied, re the module of	the specified entry are to remain un- gardless of whether ontaining these ames is loaded.
FILES=lfn <sub>i</sub>	to ensure tha	ord manager users it library programs or the processing iiles.

<sup>†</sup>Not available for programs loaded from a library generated with a cross-reference ULIB directory.

LIBLOAD(libname.

eptname<sub>1</sub>, eptname2,..., eptname\_

Performs load of modules from

a library.

libname

Name of library containing object modules having the speci-

fied entry point names (eptname;).

LOAD(lfn1, lfn2,  $\dots$ , lfn<sub>n</sub>)

Loads object modules.

lfni

Name of file to load.

NOGO(lfn, eptname<sub>1</sub>,  $eptname_2, \ldots,$  Causes completion of a load.

eptnamen) 1fn

Name of logical file on which core image module is to be

written.

eptname<sub>i</sub>

Names of entry points to be

included in header.

SATISFY (libname<sub>1</sub>, Satisfies external references.  $libname_2, \ldots,$ 

libname,

Name of system or user library. libnamei

Requests loader to load modules SLOAD(lfn, name1, from a local file.

 $name_2, \ldots,$ namen)

Local file name. 1fn

Names of modules to be loaded namei in the order encountered on lfn.

# SYSTEM UTILITY CONTROL STATEMENT FORMATS

Edits and replaces uniquely identifiable records on a file with records from one or more correction files.
Description Directives comprise the next record on file Ifn <sub>1</sub> (if omitted, INPUT assumed).
File Ifn <sub>2</sub> contains the old program library (if omitted, OLD assumed).
New program library is written on file lfn <sub>3</sub> (if omitted, NEW assumed).
Short correction listing on file specified by LO parameter (if omitted, full correction listing).
List output on file lfn <sub>4</sub> (if omitted, OUTPUT assumed).
Use file 1fn <sub>5</sub> for the replacement file (if omitted, LGO assumed).
Copy the new library file over the old library file after processing.

processing.

D Ignore errors and continue.

processing.

The I, P, N, L, and B parameters are turned off by specifying pi=0. If the C, R, V, or D parameters are omitted, the indicated action does not occur.

The following parameters are common to several LIBEDIT directives.

rid Specifies a reference point for a correction.

type/rname Reference record is of specified type rname Reference record

Do not rewind library files after

Call VFYLIB after LIBEDIT

is the implied type

Reference point is an EOF (\*BEFORE only)

R

v

gid

Indicates records or groups of records to be inserted, deleted, or replaced.

type/rname

Single record of the specified type

type<sub>1</sub>/ rname<sub>1</sub>type,/ rname,

Group of records beginning with rname<sub>1</sub> of type<sub>1</sub> and ending with rname2 of type2 where rnamei is a record identifier and type; is the type of the named record

### Directive

### Description

\*ADD lib, gid1, gid, ... gid,

Appends records to the specified library lib for transcription to the new library.

\*BEFORE rid, gid<sub>1</sub>, gid<sub>2</sub>,..., gid<sub>n</sub>

Inserts records from the current replacement file before the specified old library record for transcription to the new library file (\*B also legal).

\*BUILD dname

Constructs and appends a directory record in modify format to the new library file. dname specifies the name of the directory record.

\*COMMENT rid comment

Adds a comment to the prefix table for a program on a replacement file or the old library

Copies the new library file to the old library file after processing corrections.

\*DATE rid comment

\*COPY

Adds the current date and specified comment (up to 40 characters) to the prefix table.

\*DELETE gid1. gid2,..., gidn

Supresses copying of specified records from the old library file to the new library file (\*D also legal).

Declares a secondary file lfn that contains replacement

records.

\*FILE 1fn

*IGNORE	gid <sub>1</sub> ,
*IGNORE gid <sub>2</sub> ,,	$gid_n$

Ignores records on the current replacement file during record processing.

\*INSERT rid, gid<sub>1</sub>, gid<sub>2</sub>,..., gid<sub>n</sub>

Inserts records from the current replacement file after the specified old library record for transcription to the new library file (\*I, \*A, and \*AFTER also legal).

\*NOREP  $lfn_1$ ,  $lfn_2$ , ...,  $lfn_n$ 

Declares the specified replacement files lfn<sub>i</sub> to be no-replace files.

\*RENAME rid, name

Assigns a new name to a record on the old library or the current replacement file for transcription to the new library file.

\*REPLACE gid<sub>1</sub>, gid<sub>2</sub>,..., gid<sub>nn</sub>

Replaces records on the old library file with records of the same name from a current replacement file that has been declared a no-replace file.

\*REWIND lfn

Rewinds file Ifn before and after editing.

\*TYPE type or \*NAME type Specifies default type of internal record format.

type	Description
$\mathtt{REL}$	Relocatable CPU
	program
OVL	CPU overlay program
ABS	Multiple entry point
	overlay
PP	PPU program
PPU	7600 PPU program
OPL	Modify OPL deck
OPLC	Modify OPL common
	deck
OPLD	Modify OPL direc-
	tories
$_{ m ULIB}$	User library
COS	Chippewa format
	CPU program
TEXT	Unrecognizable as a
	program

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{MODIFY}(p_1,p_2, & \quad \text{Calls the MODIFY program.} \\ \dots, p_n) \end{array}$ 

_p <sub>i_</sub>	Description
I=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Directive input on file lfn <sub>1</sub> .
P=lfn2	Old program library on file lfn2.
C=lfn <sub>3</sub>	Write compile output to file lfn3.
N=lfn <sub>4</sub>	Write new program library on file lfn4.
S=lfn <sub>5</sub>	Write source output on file lfn5.
L=lfn <sub>6</sub> LO=chars	List output on file lfn <sub>6</sub> . Select list options.
	<u>char</u> Description
	E Errors
	C Directives other than INSERT, DELETE.
	RESTORE
	T Input text
	M Modifications made W Compile file directives
	D Deck status
	S Statistics I Inactive statements
	A Active statements
A	Write compressed compile file.
D	Ignore errors.
F	Modify all decks.
U	Modify only decks on DECK directives.
NR	Do not rewind compile file.
X=prog	Rewind input and output files, set A option, call program when modification is complete.
Q=prog	Rewind output file, set A option, call program assembler when modification is complete.
Z	MODIFY statement contains input directives.
CB=lfn <sub>7</sub>	Set assembler argument B=lfn7.
CL=lfn8	Set assembler argument L=lfng.
CS=lfn <sub>9</sub>	Set assembler argument S=lfng.
CG=lfn <sub>10</sub>	Set assembler argument G=lfn <sub>10</sub> .
CV=cs	Set character set to cs (63 or 64).

OPLEDIT( $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n$ )

P=lfn<sub>2</sub>

Removes modification decks and identifiers from a modifyformatted file.

<u>pi</u> <u>Description</u>
I=lfn₁ Use directive input

from file lfn<sub>1</sub> (default is INPUT)

Use file lfn2 for old

program library (default is OPL)

N=lfn<sub>3</sub> Write new program library on file lfn<sub>3</sub> (default is NPL)

L=lfn<sub>4</sub> List output on file lfn<sub>4</sub> (default is OUTPUT)

M=lfn<sub>5</sub> Write output from \*PULLMOD directives on file lfn<sub>5</sub>

(if omitted, M= MODSETS assumed)

LO=x List options:

<u>x</u> <u>Description</u>

1 Errors 2 Directives

4 All other in-

put statements
100 Modifications

made

208 Directives processed from program library

408 Deck status 1008 Directory lists

2008 Inactive statements 4008 Active statements

F Modify all decks

D Debug; ignore errors

Generate \*EDIT
directives for all
decks (if omitted,
generate \*EDIT
directives for
common decks)

U

PROFILE( $p_1, p_2$ ,	Enables site to create, update,
$\dots, p_n$	and inquire about a project
	profile file for user profile

control.

$p_i$	Descript	ion

I=lfn<sub>1</sub> File lfn<sub>1</sub> contains input data (default is

INPUT)

L=lfn<sub>2</sub> List output on file lfn<sub>2</sub> (default is OUT-

PUT)

FN=name Indicates the family

name the user wishes

CN=cnum Charge number inquire (OP=I)

PN=pnum Project number in-

quire (OP=I)
CV Convert option

OP=C Create option
OP=K K display option

OP=R Restructure run

OP=S Source run

OP=U

OP=T

LO=C

LO=P

LO=CM

LO=PM

OP=L List option (used with LO)

Updates project

profile file Time-sharing up-

date

OP=I Inquire option

LO=F Specifies PROFILA

Specifies charge numbers

Specifies charge

and project numbers

LO=FM PROFILA file data accessible by

master user List of charge

numbers accessible by master user

> List of project numbers accessible by master user

/chargenum, dir<sub>1</sub>, dir<sub>2</sub>,..., dir<sub>n</sub>

Specifies PROFILE directives dir for charge number charge-num.

diri\_ Description MII=mun Master user number M1=n Index to SRU multiplier M2=n Index to SRU multiplier M3=n Index to SRU multiplier M4=n Index to SRU multiplier AD=n SRU constant PN=pn Project number IIN=un User number TI=ti Time of day before which user cannot use project number TO=to Time of day after which user cannot use project number CT=ct Total connect time allowed for project number (not currently used) Total connect time AT=at project number has accumulated (not currently used) Total SRUs allowed SR=sr for project number (not currently used) Total SRUs project AS=as number has accumulated (not currently used) DC=dc Delete charge number

Delete project

Delete user number

DP=dp

DU=du

$UPDATE(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n)$	Calls the UPDATE pro-
	gram.

$\underline{p_i}$	Description
A	Sequential-to-random program library copy
В	Random-to-sequential program library copy
C=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Write compile file output on lfn <sub>1</sub>
D	Compile output has 80 columns for data
<b>E</b>	Director has actual order of decks on program library
F	Full update; all decks compiled
G=lfn <sub>2</sub>	Output from PULLMOD written on lfn <sub>2</sub>
I=lfn3	Input on lfn3
K=lfn <sub>4</sub>	Compile output decks written on $lfn_4$
L=char	char specifies any of the A, F, and 0 through 9 list options
M=lfn <sub>5</sub>	Merge input is on lfn <sub>5</sub>
N=lfn <sub>6</sub>	New program library written on file lfn <sub>6</sub>
O=lfn <sub>7</sub>	List output written on 1fn7
P=1fn <sub>8</sub>	Use file lfn <sub>8</sub> for old program library
Q	Only decks on COMPILE directives processed
R=char	Files to rewind before and after update
	char Description
	C Compile N New program library P Old program library and merge library
	S Source and PULLMOD
S=lfn <sub>9</sub>	Source output written on lfng
T=lfn <sub>10</sub>	Source output excluding common decks on file lfn <sub>10</sub>
U	Fatal errors do not halt execution
W	New program library is sequential file

p <sub>i</sub>	Description
X	Compile file in compressed for- mat
z	Input file assumed in PCS compressed format
8	Compile file composed of 80-col- umn cards
*=char	Master control character
/=chan	Comment control character

# PRODUCT SET CONTROL STATEMENT FORMATS

ALGOL(p <sub>1</sub> , p <sub>2</sub> ,	,p <sub>n</sub> ) Calls ALGOL 4 compiler.
pi	Description
Ā	Assembly language form of object code written on file specified by L option
B=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Binary written on file lfn <sub>1</sub>
C=n	Comments interpretation for special delimiters
	n Description
	0 No comments interpretation 1 Debugging directives detected 2 Overlay directives detected 3 Array bound checking directives detected
D=lfn <sub>2</sub>	Symbol file is created on file lfn2
E	Abort job to EXIT statement for fatal errors
F	Terminate compilation after first pass if fatal error is found
I=lfn3	Source input is on file lfn3
K=n	Input record size. n=number of significant characters to be interpreted by compiler on source statement image
$L=lfn_4$	Source program listed with fatal diagnostics on file lfn <sub>4</sub>
N	Advisory diagnostics listed on file specified by L option
O=n	Level of compiler optimization
	n Description
	O Program compiled in fast compile mode
	<ul> <li>1 Linguistic optimization</li> <li>2 Subscript, statement, and</li> <li>O=1 opt</li> </ul>
$\mathrm{P=lfn}_{5}$	Assembly language punched on file ${\rm lfn}_5$
R	Cross-reference map is produced
S=n	Array storage location: arrays in CM for n=0 and arrays in ECS for n=1
U=lfn <sub>6</sub>	File lfn <sub>6</sub> contains implicit outer block

<u>pi</u> <u>Description</u>

X=n Real-integer correspondence: not allowed for n=0 and allowed

for n=1

 $BASIC(p_1, p_2, ..., p_n)$  Calls BASIC compiler.

Pi Description

L=lfn<sub>1</sub> Source, diagnostics, and execu-

tion on file lfn

K=lfn<sub>2</sub> Diagnostics and execution on file

 $1fn_2$ 

I=1fn<sub>3</sub> Source input from lfn<sub>3</sub>

B=lfn<sub>4</sub> Relocatable code on file lfn<sub>4</sub>

A=lfn<sub>5</sub> Assembly listing on lfn<sub>6</sub>

N=lfn<sub>6</sub> Inhibit program execution

 $COBOL(p_1, p_2, ..., p_n)$  Calls the COBOL compiler.

p<sub>i</sub> Description

A Leading blanks treated as zeros

B=lfn<sub>1</sub> Object code written to file lfn<sub>1</sub>

BUF Minimum buffer size for version

3
C Copy is made from source, rather

than library

D. Inhibit execution when E diagnose.

Inhibit execution when E diagnos-

tic is encountered

DB Check for subscript range errors

DB1 COBOL trace selected

F Data entries described as

COMPUTATIONAL-1

$p_{\mathbf{i}}$	Description							
H	Increase sort efficiency							
$I=1fn_2$	Compiler input obtained from file lfn2							
L=lfn <sub>3</sub>	Output written on file lfn3							
	The L parameter may appear with one of the following suffixes to produce special listings.							
	Suffix Description							
	C List of items copied from user libraries M Data map O Object code in octal R Data-name, procedure- name cross-reference X Extended diagnostics							
N	Issue E diagnostic if non-ANSI feature is detected							
P	Execute a strictly ANSI program							
S=ulib	Satisfy external references from ulib							
SUB	Suppress data division binary output							
Т	Request tape sort, rather than disk sort							
U	Specify ASCII collating sequence							
V	Save loaded program using NOGO with file name specified							
<b>Z</b>	Ensure compatibility with version 3. Turns on C and BUF parameters							

F	TN(p <sub>1</sub> , p <sub>2</sub> ,, p <sub>r</sub>	Calls the FORTRAN Extended compiler.
	$p_i$	Description
	$\frac{p_i}{A}$	Branch to EXIT statement if fatal compilation error occurs
	B=lfn <sub>1</sub>	Object code written on file lfn <sub>1</sub>
	BL	Generate separable output listing
	C	Use COMPASS assembler for compiler code
	D=lfn <sub>2</sub>	Debug input obtained from file lfn2
	E=lfn <sub>3</sub>	Object code on file Ifn <sub>3</sub> output as COMPASS statement images for input to update
	EL=(	Diagnostic list specification
		<pre>     Description </pre>
		A List fatal and non-ANSI. List informative for OPT=0, 1, or 2. List notes and warnings for TS mode.  I List fatal. List informative for OPT=0, 1, or 2. List notes and warnings for TS mode.  W List fatal. List warnings for TS mode.  N List fatal. List notes and warnings for TS mode.  F List fatal.
	G=lfn <sub>4</sub>	Load first system text overlay from file $\operatorname{lfn}_4$
	GO	Binary executed after compilation
	I=lfn-	Source input is on file lfn-

n I=lfn<sub>5</sub> Source input is on file lfn5 L=lfn<sub>6</sub> Output is written on file lfng LCM=m Address mode for level 3 data:

m=D selects 17-bit address, and

m=I selects 21-bit address

ML=nnn Specifies nnn as value of MODLEVEL micro

Object code listed on file specified by L

Level of optimization: n=0 for fast compilation, n=1 for standard compilation and execution, and n=2 for fast execution

Page numbering is continuous

Р

OL

OPT=n

s

$p_i$	Description
PL=n	Maximum number of records written on file specified by L
Q	Full syntactic scan performed
R=n	Reference map options
	n Description
	<ul> <li>No map</li> <li>Short map</li> <li>Long map</li> <li>Long map with common block and equivalence groups</li> </ul>
ROUND=s	Round arithmetic operations (s=*/+ or -)
S=ovl	System text overlay loaded from library set
SEQ	Source file is in sequenced line format
SL	Source is listed on file specified by L
SYSEDIT	I/O references done indirectly through table search at object time
T	Full error traceback occurs
TS	Time-sharing mode
$X=1fn_7$	External text on file lfn <sub>7</sub>

Pass zero-word parameter list

Z

SIMULA( $p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n$ ) Calls the SIMULA compiler.

Description A=lfn<sub>1</sub> Assembly language written on file

lfn<sub>1</sub>

B=lfn<sub>2</sub> Assembly language written on file

I=lfn<sub>2</sub> Input obtained from file lfn L=lfn<sub>4</sub> Source input written on file lfn. N Suppress array bound checking

P=lfn<sub>5</sub> Object code written on lfn<sub>5</sub> in PUNCHB format

X=lfn<sub>g</sub> Object code written on file lfn

SORTMRG Calls Sort/Merge program.  $(p_1, p_2, ..., p_n)$ 

p<sub>i</sub> I=lfn<sub>1</sub>/r Description

Sort/Merge directives are on file lfn<sub>1</sub> with following rewind options.

> Description R File is rewound before

opening NR File is not rewound be-

fore opening

O=lfn<sub>2</sub>/r Listings written on file lfn2, with

rewind options listed above

OWN=lfn3/r Owncode binaries are located on

file Ifn3, with rewind options

listed above

MO=n Intermediate merge order;

2≤n≤64. If insufficient core is avail-

able, fatal error occurs

MO=\*n Intermediate merge order; 2≤n≤64. If insufficient core is available,

merge takes place at smaller

order

### SPECIAL SYSTEM INFORMATION

### **EXCHANGE PACKAGE AREA**

59	53 47 41	35	17	٥
000	P	AO		
001	RA CM	ΑI	ВІ	
002	FL CM	A2	B2	
003	II EM	A3	B3	
004	RA ECS	Δ4	84	٦
005	FL ECS	A5	B5	٦
006	MA	A6	B6	
007		Α7	87	
010		хo		
011		ΧI		
012		X 2		
013		ХЗ		
014		X 4		
- 1		X 5		٦
015		X 6	<del></del>	٦
016		X 7		
· · · -		***		

Program address
Reference address
Field length
Monitor address
Address registers
Increment registers
Operand registers PAFLA AI BI

### EM-M CPU program exit mode:

- Disable program exit mode 1
  - Address out of range
- 2 Operand out of range
- 3 Address or operand out of range
- 4 Indefinite operand
- Indefinite operand or address 5
- 6 Indefinite operand or operand out of range
- 7 Indefinite operand or address out of range or operand out of range

#### Ref. Bit No. Description †1 52-51 Hardware error exit status bits on CYBER 70 Model 74

## 64-CHARACTER SET FOR TIME-SHARING TERMINALS

INTERNAL		_	RESPONDENCE		ASCII CODE TERMINAL†			
DISPLAY CODE		. Af	DARD PRINT	STAN		A1	DARD PRINT	STAN
(6/12 · BIT OCTAL	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.
0.0	121	:	153		276	:	072	:
01	171	Α .	171	A	341	Α	101	A
02	166	В	166	В	342	В	102	в
03	172	c	172	c	143	l c	303	С
0.4	052	D	052	D	344	l b	104	D
0.5	112	Ε	112	Ιε	145	E	305	E
0.6	163	F	163	F	146	F	306	F
0.7	043	G	043	G	347	Ġ	107	G
10	046	H	046	н	350	H	110	н
I ii	031	I	031	ï	151	ï	311	1
12	103	j	103		152	1 5	312	j
13	032	к	032	ĸ	353	ľĸ	.113	ĸ
14	106	l ï	106	L.	154	L.	314	î.
15	141	м	141	, i	355	M	115	м
16	122	N.	122	N N	356	N N	116	N N
17	105	0	105	ا آ	157	l "	317	Ö
20	013	P	013	l ĕ	360	١×	120	9
21	133	6	133	6	161	[	321	0
22	051	Ř	051	l Ř	162	l ř	322	R
23	045	s	045	s	363	l s	123	S
24	002	٦	002	l °	164	l °	324	T
25	062	l ù	062	Ιù	365	l ù	125	Ü
26	061	١ŏ	061	١v	366	v		v
27	165	l w	165	۱ů	167	w	126 327	w
30	142	".	142	l "	170	l "	330	
31	147	ΙŶ	147	ÎŶ	371	l û		x
32	124	l ż	124	z	372	l z	131	Y Z
33	144	٥	144	6	060		060	
34	040	Ĭ	040	١ř		. 0	261	0
35	020	2			261	1.		1
36	160	3	020	2	262	2	262	2
37	004	4	160	3	063	3	063	3
40	010	5	004	4	264	4	264	4
40	130	6	130	5	065	5	065	5
42	150	7	150	7	066 267	6	066	6
42	070	l é	070	8	267	8	267	7
44	064	9	064	9	071	"	270	8
45	067	1 *	023		055		071	9
45	067	†	023	+	275	1 :	053	+
46	067	*	070	*	120		055 252	-
50	007		070			*		*
51	153		064	1 /	257	17	257	′.
52	153	(	144	1 :	053	1 :	050	(
52	171	1 '		)	252	1	251	)
54		α	004		176	1 3	044	
34	010	=	023	=	245	=	275	=

<sup>†</sup> THE OCTAL CODES LISTED FOR ASCII CODE TERMINALS ARE SHOWN WITH EVEN PARITY (NORMAL)

THE OCTAL CODES LISTED FOR CORRESPONDENCE CODE TERMINALS ARE SHOWN WITH ODD PARITY (NORMAL)

ASCII CODE TERMINAL					RESPONDENCE	·		
STAND	ARD PRINT	AF	L PRINT	STAN	DARD PRINT	A F	L PRINT	INTERNAL DISPLAY CODE
CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	(6/12-BIT OCTAL)
(SPACE)	240	(SPACE)	240	(SPACE)	100	(SPACE)	100	5.5
١, ١	254	٠, ا	254		073	١,	073	56
	056		056		121		121	57
#.	243	-	041	#	160		040	60
С	333		273	1/4	001	τ	153	61
1	335	3	072	. V2	001		111	62
%	245	÷	173	%	010	÷	023	63
	042	*	050		111	*	070	64
_	1371	_	306	- 1	067	_ '	163 '	65
1	041	v	251		130	٧.	064	66
a	246	٨	137	8.	150	Λ.	144	67
	047		113		111		032	70
?	077	?	321	2	007	?	133	71
· <	074	<	243	NULL		έ.	160	72
	276	,	047	NULL		,	150	73
@	300	≤ .	044	(0)	020	٤.	004	74
l i	134	. : V:	077	NULL		Ň	007	75
ا ۱	176	, <u>-</u>	042	NULL			020	76
171	273		074		153		073	77
1 ( 1	140	NULL		NULL		NULL		7600
	341	a	101	a	171	a	171	7601
Б	342	ı ı	102	ь	166	ī	166	7602
ا ء ا	143	n l	303	c	172	n	172	7603
اةا	344	l i l	104	ď	052	ü	052	7604
"	145	1	305	e	112	ا ; ا	112	7605
l i	146	x	134	ř	163	x	023	7606
انا	347	Ŷ	107	g	043	Ŷ	043	7607
l h	350	Ă	110	h	046	Δ	046	7610
l " l	151	1	311	ı"	031	ì	031	7611
	152	,	312		103	,	103	7612
1	353	ů	336	k k	032	NULL	100	7613
1 1	154	i	314	î.	106	П	106	7614
m l	355	7.	115	m	141	1	141	7615
"	356	Ť	116	n	122	Ť	122	7616
"	157	ò	317	"	105	6	105	7617
	360	-	100	p	013		001	7620
P	161	_	134		133	- <u>-</u> 1	101	762
q	162		322	q	051		051	7622
r s	363	P	123	s	045	P	045	7623
t t	164	- 1	324	1	002	~	002	7624
	365	ĩ	125		062	ŭ.	062	7625
u l	366	Ü	125	u	061	u i	061	7626
1 1	167		327		165		165	7627
, w	170	9	330	w	142	o o	142	76 30
ı ×	371	Ť	131	. ×	147	1	147	7630
لــــُــا	9/1		131	у .	147		147	3AE3A

TON TTY MODELS HAVING NO UNDERLINE, THE BACKARROW (+) TAKES ITS PLACE

INTERNAL	CORRESPONDENCE CODE TERMINAL				ASCII CODE TERMINAL			
DISPLAY COD	PL PRINT	AF	DARD PRINT	STAN	PL PRINT	A	DARD PRINT	STAN
(6/12-B1T OCTA	CODE (B-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR
7632	124	-	124	Z	132	'n	372	Z
7633		NULL		NULL	140	{	173	{
7634	130	≥	040	±	246	2	174	
7635		NULL	1 —	NULL	374	}	175	}
7636		NULL	I —	NULL	175	-	176	~
7637		NULL		NULL	377	DEL	377	DEL
7640	075	NUL	075	NUL	000	NUL	000	NUL
7641	166	SOA	166	SOA	201	SOH	201	SOH
7642	064	EOA	064	EOA	202	STX	202	STX
7643		NULL		NULL	003	ETX	003	ETX
7644	174	EOT	174	EOT	204	EOT	204	EOT
7645		NULL		NULL	005	ENQ	005	ENQ
7646	_	NULL	067	ACK	006	ACK	006	ACK
7647		NULL	_	NULL	207	BELL	207	BELL
7650	135	BS	135	BS	210	BS	210	BS
7651	057	HT	057	HT	011	HT	011	HT
7652	156	LF	156	LF	012	LF	012	LF
7653		NULL		NULL	213	VT	213	VT
7654		NULL		NULL	014	FF	014	FF
7655	155	CR	155	CR	215	CR	215	CR
7656	034	ucs	034	ucs	216	so	216	so
7657	037	LCS	037	LCS	017	SI	017	SI
7660		NULL	l —	NULL	220	DLE	220	DLE
7661	l —	NULL		NULL	021	DCI	021	DCI
7662		NULL	l —	NULL	022	DC2	055	DC2
7663		NULL	ļ —	NULL	023	DC3	023	DC3
7664	064	ST0	054	STO	024	DC4	024	DC4
7665	001	NAK	001	NAK	225	NAK	225	NAK
7666	075	IL	075	IL	226	SYN	. 226	SYN
7667	136	EOB	136	EOB	027	ETB	027	ETB
7670	137	DEL	177	DEL	030	CAN	030	CAN
7671		NULL		NULL	231	EM	231	EM
7672		NULL		NULL	232	SUB	232	SUB
7673	076	PF	076	PF	033	ESC	033	ESC
7674		NULL		NULL	234	FS	234	FS
7675		NULL		NULL	035	GS	035	GS
7676		NULL		NULL	036	RS	036	RS
7677		NULL		NULL	237	US	237	บร
7400		NULL		NULL	l —	NULL	l —	NULL
7401	004	≤	020	@	044	≤	300	@
7402	020	_	_	NULL	042	-	176	^
7403	001	CNL	001	CNL		NULL		NULL
7404		NULL	l —	NULL		NULL		NULL
7405		NULL		NULL	l —	NULL		NULL
7406		NULL		NULL		NULL	l	NULL
7407		NULL		NULL		NULL		NULL

60407200 B

## 61-CHARACTER SET FOR TIME-SHARING TERMINALS

ASCII CODE TERMINALT				CORRESPONDENCE CODE TERMINALT				
STAN	DARD PRINT	Al	PL PRINT	STAN	DARD PRINT	A	PL PRINT	INTERNAL DISPLAY CODE
CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	(6/12-BIT OCTAL)
NULL		NULL		NULL		NULL		0.0
Α .	101	Α	341	Α.	171	Α	171	0 1
В	102	В	342	В	166	В	166	0.2
C	303	С	143	С	172	С	172	0.3
D	104	D	344	D	052	D	052	0.4
E	305	E	145	Ε	112	Ε	112	0.5
F	.306	F	146	F	163	F	163	0.6
G	107	G	347	G	043	G	043	0.7
н	110	н	350	н	046	н	046	10
I	311	I	151	I	031	I	031	1.1
J	312	J	152	J	103	J	103	12
K	113	K	353	к	032	ĸ	032	13
L	314	L	154	L	106	L	106	. 14
M	115	М -	355	м	141	м	141	15
N	116	Ν.	356	N	122	N i	122	16
0	317	. 0	157	0	105	0	105	17
P	120	Р	360	Р	013	Р	013	20
Q	321	Q	161	Q	133	Q	133	21
R	322	R	162	R	051	R	051	22
s	123	S	363	S	045	s	045	23
T	324	T	164	Т.	002	т	002	24
U	125	U	365	U	062	· U	062	25
v	126	V	366	v	061	v	061	26
w	327	w	167	w	165	w	165	27
×	330	x	170	x	142	×	142	30
Y	131	Y	371	Y	147	Y	147	31
z	132	Z	372	z	124	z	124	32
0	060	0	060	0	144	0	144	33
	261	-1	261	-1	040	- 1	040	34
2	262	2	262	2	020	2	020	35
3	063	3	063	3	160	3	160	36
4	264	4	264	4	004	4	004	37
5	0.65	5	. 065	5	010	5	010	40
6	066	6	066	6	130	6	130	41
7	267	7	267	7	150	7	150	42
8	270	8	270	8	070	8	070	43
9	071	9	071	9	064	9	064	44
+	053	+	055	+	023	+	067	45
-	055	-	275	-	067		067	46
*	252	*	120	*	070	*	013	47
/	257	/	257	. /	007	1	007	50
(	050	. (	053	(	064	(	153	51
	251	)	252	)	144	)	111	52
\$	044	\$	176	\$	004	a	171	5.3
=	275	=	245	=	023	-	010	54
t THE	OCTAL CODES	SLIST	ED FOR ASCI	CODE	TERMINALO	ABE 6	SHOWN WITH	EVEN 3AE4A

<sup>†</sup> THE OCTAL CODES LISTED FOR ASCII CODE TERMINALS ARE SHOWN WITH EVEN PARITY (NORMAL)

<sup>††</sup> THE OCTAL CODES LISTED FOR CORRESPONDENCE CODE TERMINALS ARE SHOWN WITH ODD PARITY (NORMAL)

	INTERNAL							
STAN		A		STANE	ARD PRINT	AF		DISPLAY CODE
CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (8-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	CHAR.	CODE (7-BIT OCTAL)	(6/12-BIT OCTAI
SPACE)	240	(SPACE)	240	(SPACE)	100	(SPACE)	100	5.5
,	254	١,	254	,	073	,	073	56
	056	١.	056	٠,	121	٠,	121	57
	042	-	041	**	110	٠.	040	60
C	333	τ	273	V4	001	C.	153	61
3	335	1	072	٧e	001	3	111	62
i	072	- ;	276		153	1	121	63
1	047		113	1	111	١.	032	64
8	246	×	134		150	×	023	65
CR	215	CR	215	NULL		NULL		66
LF	012	LF	012	LF	156	LF	156	67
•	336	l -	042	NULL		-	020	70
#	243	¢	336	. #	160	<b>#</b>	070	71
<	074	<	243	NULL	l —	٧ (	160	72
>	276	>	047	NULL		>	150	73
ESC I)		NULL		NULL	l	NULL	l —	74
2	077	?	321	?	007	?	133	75
ESC 2)		NULL		NULL		NULL	l —	76
;	273	١,	074	,	153		073	77
NULL		NULL		NULL		NULL		7600
a	341	α	101	a	171	α	171	7601
b	342	1	102	ь	166	1	166	7602
С	143	n	303	С	172	n	172	7603
d	344	L	104	d	052	L	052	7604
e	145		305	е	112	١ ،	112	7605
f	146	٨	137	f	163	l -	163	7606
g	347	∇	107	g	043	▽	043	7607
h	350	Δ	110	h	046	Δ	046	7610
i	151	1 2	311	i	031	١.	031	7611
j	152	0	312	j	103		103	7612
k	353	←	100	k	032	≤	004	7613
1	154		314	1	106		106	7614
m	355	-	134	m	. 141	1	141	7615
n	356	T	116	n	122	Т	122	7616
0	157	٥	317	۰	105	٥	105	76 17
р	360	≤	044	Р	013	≥	130	7620
q	161	≥	246	q	133	?	133	76,21
r	162	٩	322	r	051	ρ	051	7622
8	363	r	123	s	045	Г	045	7623
t	164	<b>#</b>	050	1	002	1 ~	002	7624
u	365	1 +	125	·u	062	į.	062	76 25
٧	366	U	126	٧	061	U	061	7626
w	167	w	327	w	165	ω	165	7627
×	170	-	330	×.	142	-	142	76 30
у.	371	1 1	131	У	147	l t	147	7631

	ASCII CODE TERMINAL				RESPONDENC	T		
STAN	DARD PRINT	THE TOTAL SOCIETIES OF THE MINISTER		INTERNAL				
CHAR	CODE	_	CODE		CODE	_ ^		DISPLAY CODE
-	(8-BIT OCTAL		(8-BIT OCTAL	CHAR	(8-BIT OCTAL	CHAR.	(8-BIT OCTAL)	(6/12-BIT OCTAL)
z	372	c	132	Z	124	-	124	7632
DLE	220	DLE	220	NULL	l —	NULL	l —	7633
BELL	207	BELL	207	NULL		NULL		7634
DC2	022	DC2	022	NULL		NULL		7635
ETX DC4	003	ETX	003	NULL		NULL		7636
	024	DC4	024	NULL		NULL		7637
NAK SYN	225	NAK	225	NULL		NULL		7640
ETB	226	SYN	226	NULL		NULL		7641
CAN	027	ETB	027	NULL	_	NULL		7642
EM	231	CAN	030	NULL		NULL		7643
VT	213	EM	231	NULL		NULL		7644
SOH	201	VT	213	NULL		NULL		7645
1	041	SOH	201	NULL		NULL		7646
SI.	017	SI	251 017	NULL		NULL		7647
BS	210	BS	210	NULL		NULL		7650
нт	011	HT	011	BS	135	BS	135	7651
EOT	204	EOT	204	нт	057	нт	057	7652
GS	035	GS	035	NULL		NULL		7653
NUL	000	NUL	000	NULL		NULL		7654
FF	014	FF	014	NUL,	075	NUL	075	7655
so	216	SO.	216	,	073	NULL		7656
STX	202	STX	202	NULL	121	NULL		7657
1	173	ا `ز ا	140	NULL		NULL		7660
1	175	1 1 1	374	NULL		- 1	001	7661
SUB	232	SUB	232	NULL		NULL	101	7662
ACK	006	ACK	006	NULL		NULL		7663
а.	246	NULL		NULL		NULL		7664
1	134	1	077	NULL		\	007	7665
- : 1	174	1 1	115		130	11	141	7666
~	176	~	324	Ė	040	~	002	7667 7670
#	243	NULL		NULL		NULL	002	7670
FS	234	FS	234	NULL		NULL		7672
RS	036	RS	036	NULL		NULL		7673
DEL.	377	DEL	377	NULL		NULL		7674
US	237	us	237	NULL		NULL		7675
NL		NL		NL.	155	NL	155	7676
ESC	033	ESC	033	NULL		NULL		7677
NULL		NULL		NULL		NULL	· ·	7400
(G)	300	=	175	a	020	^	144	7401
%	245	+	173	%	010	÷	023	7402
. 1 .	140	#	335	NULL		v	064	7403
- [	137 †	- 1	306	- 1	067	NULL		7404
X-ON		X-ON	021	NULL	[	NULL		7405
K-OFF		X-OFF	223	NULL		NULL		7406
ENQ	005	ENO	005	NULL		NULL		7407
				-				3AE5A

<sup>†</sup> ON TTY MODELS HAVING NO UNDERLINE, THE BACKARROW (+) TAKES ITS PLACE.

60407200 B

### STANDARD CHARACTER SET

CDC GRAPHIC	ASCII GRAPHIC SUBSET	DISPLAY CODE	HOLLERITH PUNCH (026)	EXTERNAL BCD CODE	ASCII PUNCH (029)	ASCII CODE
: †	:	00t	8-2	00	8-2	3 A
A	A	01	12-1	61	12-1	41
В	В	02	12-2	62	12-2	42
c	С	03	12-3	63	12-3	43
D	D	04	12-4	64	12-4	44
E	Ε	05	12-5	65	12-5	45
F	F	06	12-6	66	12-6	46
G	G	07	12-7	67	12-7	47
н	н	10	12-8	70	12-8	48
1 1	1	- 11	12-9	71	12-9	49
J	J	12	11-1	41	11-1	4A
ĸ	ĸ	13	11-2	42	11-2	4B
L	L	14	11-3	43	11-3	4 C
м	м	15	11-4	44	11-4	4 D
l N	N	16	11-5	45	11-5	4E
0	0	17	11-6	46	11-6	4F
P	Р	20	11-7	47	11-7	50
Q	Q	21	11-8	50	11-8	51
R	R	22	11-9	- 51	11-9	52
s	s	23	0-2	22	0-2	53
Т	Т	24	0-3	23	0-3	54
υ	U	2.5	0-4	24	0-4	55
V	V	26	0-5	2.5	0-5	56
w	w	27	0-6	26	0-6	57
×	. x	30	0-7	27	0-7	58
Υ	Y	31	0-8	30	0-8	59
z	z	32	0-9	31	0-9	5A
0	0	33	0	12	2	30
1	1	34	1 1	01	1	31
2	2	35	2	02	2	32
3	3	36	3	03	3	33
4	4	37	4	04	4	34
5	5	40	5	05	5	35

3AEI3A

<sup>†</sup> TWELVE OR MORE ZERO BITS AT THE END OF A 60-BIT WORD ARE INTERPRETED AS END-OF-LINE MARK RATHER THAN TWO COLONS. END-OF-LINE MARK IS CONVERTED TO EXTERNAL BCD 1632.

CDC GRAPHIC	ASCII GRAPHIC SUBSET	DISPLAY CODE	HOLLERITH PUNCH (026)	EXTERNAL BCD CODE	ASCII PUNCH (029)	ASCII CODE
6	6	41	6	06	6	36
7	7	42	7	07	7	37
8	8	43	8 .	10	8	38
9	9	44	9	- 11	9	39
+ ,	+	4.5	12	60	12-8-6	2B
-	-	4.6	- 11	40	11.	20
*	*	47	11-8-4	54	11-8-4	2A
/	/	50	0-1	21	0-1	2F
(	. (	51	0-8-4	34	12-8-5	28
)	)	5 2	12-8-4	74	11-8-5	29
\$	\$	53	11-8-3	53	11-8-3	24
		5 4	8-3	13	8-6	3 D
BLANK	BLANK	5.5	NO PUNCH	20	NO PUNCH	20
,(COMMA)	,(COMMA)	56	0-8-3	33	0-8-3	2 C
.(PERIOD)	.(PERIOD)	57	12-8-3	73	12-8-3	2E
=	#	60	0-8-6	36	8-3	23
	£ ·	61	8-7	17	12-8-2	58
1	3	62	0-8-2	32	11-8-2	5 D
%††	%	63	8-6	16	0-8-4	25
≠	" (QUOTE)	64	8-4	14	8-7	22
	(UNDERLINE)	6.5	0-8-5	35	0-8-5	5F
V		66	11-0	52	12-8-7	21
		100			1.44	
· ^ ·	8	67	0-8-7	37	12	26
1	'(APOSTROPHE)	70	11-8-5	55	8-5	27
1	?	71	11-8-6	56	0-8-7	3F
<	<	72	12-0	72	12-8-4	3C
>	>	73	11-8-7	57	0-8-6	3E
≤	(0)	74	8-5	15	8-4	40
≥	1	75	12-8-5	75	0-8-2	5C
_	~(CIRCUMFLEX)	76	12-8-6	76	11-8-7	5E
; (SEMICOLON)	; (SEMICOLON)	77	12-8-7	77	11-8-6	3B
						3AE 6A

<sup>++</sup> IN INSTALLATIONS USING THE CDC 63-GRAPHIC SET, DISPLAY CODE OO HAS NO ASSOCIATED GRAPHIC OR HOLLERITH CODE 10 ISPLAY CODE 63 IS THE COLONIG-2 PUNCH). THE SELECTION OF THE 63- OR 64-CHARACTER SET FOR TAPES IS AN INSTALLATION OPTION.

60407200 B

## ASCII/DISPLAY CODE AND EBCDIC/DISPLAY CODE CONVERSION

DISPLAY			AS	CII		EBCDIC			
CODE		UPPERCASE		LOWERCASE		UPPERCASE		LOWERCASE	
OCTAL	CHAR	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HÈX
00	:	:	3A	SUB	IA	: "	7A	SUB	3F
01	Α	Α	41	a	61	Α	CI -	a	81
02	В	В	42	ь	62	В	C2	ь	82
03	С	C	43	С	63	С	С3	c	83
04	D	D	44	d	64	D	C4	d	84
05	Ε	E	45	е	65	E	C5	е	85
06	F	F	46	f	66	F	С6	f	86
07	G	G	47	g	67	G	C7	9	87
10	н	н	48	h	68	н	C8	h	88
11	1	ī	49	i ·	69	I	C9	i	89
12	J	J	4A	j	6A	J	DI	j	91
13	к	ĸ	4B	k	6B	K	D2	k	92
14	L	L	4C	1	6C	L	D3	1	93
15	М	м	4D	m	6D	м	D4	m .	94
16	N	N	4E	n	6E	N	D5	n	95
17	0	0	4F	0	6F	0	D6	٥	96
20	Р	Р	50	Р	70	P	D7	Р	97
21	Q	Q	51	q	71	Q	D8	q	98
22	R	R	52	r	72	R	D9	r	99
23	S	S	53	s	73	S	E2	s	A2
24	Т	Т	54	t	74	Т	E3	t	A3
25	U	U	55	u	75	U	E4	u	Α4
26	٧	٧	56	٧	76	٧	E5	١v	A5
27	w	w	57	w	77	w	E6	w	A6
30	×	×	58	x	78	×	E7	x	A7
31	Y	Y	59	У	79	Y	E8	У	A8
32	z	z	5A	z	7A	z	E9	z	A9
33	0	0	30	DLE	10	0	FG	DLE	10
34	1	1	31	DCI	11	1	FI	DCI	11
. 35	2	2	32	DC2	12	2	F2	DC2	12
36	3	3	33	DC3	13	3	F3	TM	13
37	4	4	34	DC4	14	4	F4	DC4	3C
					•				3AE 7A

BAE 7A

DISPLAY		ASCII				EBCDIC				
-	CODE		UPPERCASE		LOWERCASE		UPPERCASE		LOWERCASE	
OCTAL	CHAR	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HEX	CHAR	HEX	
40	5	5	35	NAK	15	5	F5	NAK	3D	
41	6	6	36	SYN	16	6	F6	SYN	32	
42	7	7	37	ETB	17:	7	F7	ETB	26	
43	8	8	38	CAN	18	8	F8	CAN	18	
44	9	9	39	EM	19	9	F9	EM	19	
45	+	+	2B	VT	ов	+	4E	VT	ОВ	
46	-	-	2D	CR	OD	· -	60	CR	OD	
47	*	*	2A	LF	OA	*	5 C	LF	25	
50	1.	. /	2F	SI	OF	7.	61	sı	OF	
51	(	(	28	BS	08	( )	4D	BS	16	
52	)	)	29	нт	09	)	5 D	нт	05	
53	\$	\$	24	EOT	04	\$	5B	EOT	37	
54	=	= '	3D	GS	10	=	7E	IGS	ID	
55	SP	SP	20	NUL	00	SP	40	NUL	00	
56	٠,	,	2 C	FF	oc	,	6B	FF	ос	
57			2E	so	0E		4B	so	OE	
60	=	#	23	ETX	03	#	7B	ETX	03	
61	C	[	5B	FS	IC .	¢	4A	IFS	1C	
62	ונו	)	5D	SOH	01	!	5A	son.	01	
63	%	%	25	ENQ	05	%	6C	ENQ	2D	
64	<b>≠</b>	"	22	STX	02	"	7 F	STX	02	
65	٠	- 1	5F	DEL	7F		6D	DEL	07	
66	V	- !	21	}	7D	1	4F	}	DO	
67	^	8.	26	ACK	06	8.	50	ACK	2E	
70	1		27	BEL	07		· 7D	BEL	2F	
71	+ 1	?	3F	US	1F	?	6F	IUS	LF.	
72	<	<	3C	-{	7B	<	4C	1	co	
73	>	>	3E	RS	ΙE	>	6E	IRS	IE	
74	≤	@	40	٠ ا	60	<b>@</b>	7 C		79	
75	≥	١.	5C	- :	7C	. Y 1	ΕO	- :	6A	
76	-	^	5E	~	7E	٦	5F	~	AI	
77	;	;	3B	ESC	1B	;	5E	ESC	27	
3AE8A										

#### NOTES

- Uppercase and lowercase apply only to the case conversions and do not necessarily reflect any true case.
- When translating from display code to ASCII/ EBCDIC, the uppercase equivalent character is taken.
- When translating from ASCII/EBCDIC to display code, the uppercase and lowercase characters fold together to a single display code equivalent character.
- All EBCDIC codes not used are translated to display code 55 (SP).
- If a 9-track tape is read with ASCII conversion and a character value above 7F<sub>16</sub> is encountered, a flag word error is given.
- In a 63-character set system, the display code for the: graphic is 63. The % character does not exist and ASCII/EBCDIC % or ENQ are translated to display code 55.